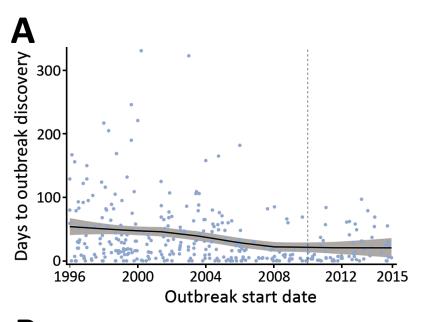
Building capacity to respond to Emerging infectious Diseases in Low and Middle income countries

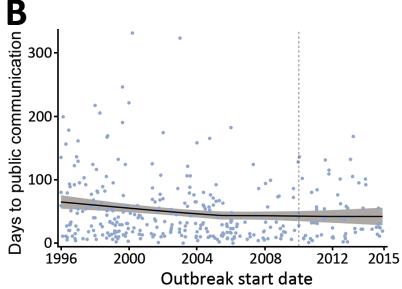
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Response to EID in LMIC: timeliness

- Examples of too little, too late
 - SARS 2003
 - MERS 2014
 - Ebola

 The timeliness of outbreak detection and communication is improving, especially in LMIC countries





Kluberg, S. A et al . (2016). Global Capacity for Emerging Infectious Disease Detection, 1996-2014. EID, 22(10), E1–6. http://doi.org/10.3201/eid2210.151956

What is capacity development?

| | Practice | Result |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Development Aid | Granting resources to developing countries | Input focused Risks dependence on foreign funds |
| Technical assistance | Foreign experts operate their own projects | Projects disconnected from local priorities Assumes no local resources Dependence on foreign experts Expertise not necessarily transferred |
| Technical cooperation | Training, transfer of knowledge based on national policies and priorities | Local expertise enhanced Projects more in line with local priorities Missed opportunities to develop local capacities |
| Capacity development | Empowering and strengthening endogenous capacity | Makes the most of local resources Favours sustainable change Inclusion approach Emphasizes deep lasting transformation |

Training programmes in EID response

Streamed training

Schools of public health

Field Epidemiology training programs

Field epidemiology training programmes

Sample competencies

- Epidemiologic methods
 - Improving program delivery
 - Outbreak response
- Analyse epidemiological data
- Manage public health surveillance
- Use lab resources to support epidemiology
- Develop written and oral public health communications



- Use computers technology
- Management (team leadership)
- Epidemiology of priority diseases

Capacity to respond to Emerging Infectious Diseases is multi-faceted

Scientific methods

Human / technical resources

Health Infrastructure

Policy development

Summary

Capacity to respond to EID is multi-dimensional

• Training is one (important) aspect

• EID response requires technical, policy and "soft" skills

• A capacity development framework encourages activites that promote sustainable, transformative change.