

Master's Project 2017

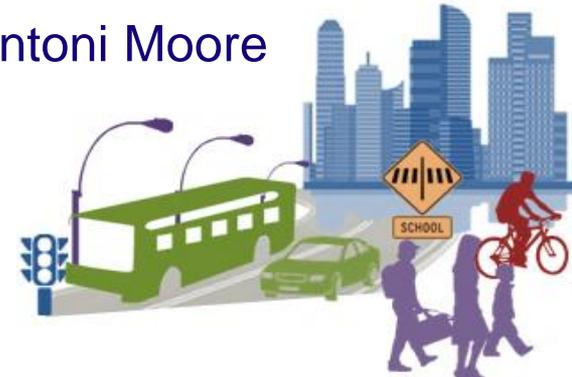
# School Neighbourhood Environment and Active Transport to Secondary Schools in Dunedin, New Zealand

Tessa Pocock

Supervisors:

Dr. Sandra Mandic and Associate Professor Antoni Moore

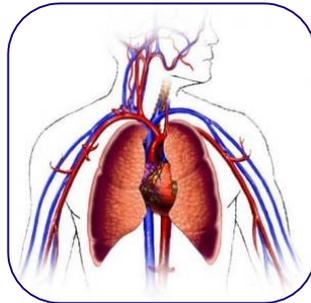
30 August 2017



# Active Transport to School (ATS): Benefits

Travel to school by modes of transport reliant on physical activity, such as walking or cycling

Adolescent  
active transport



↑ daily PA

Cycling to school  
associated with ↑  
cardiovascular  
fitness

↓ depressive  
symptoms



Sustainable  
transport habits

↓ traffic  
congestion

↓ vehicle  
emissions



Social interaction

Community  
strengthening

# International Rates of ATS



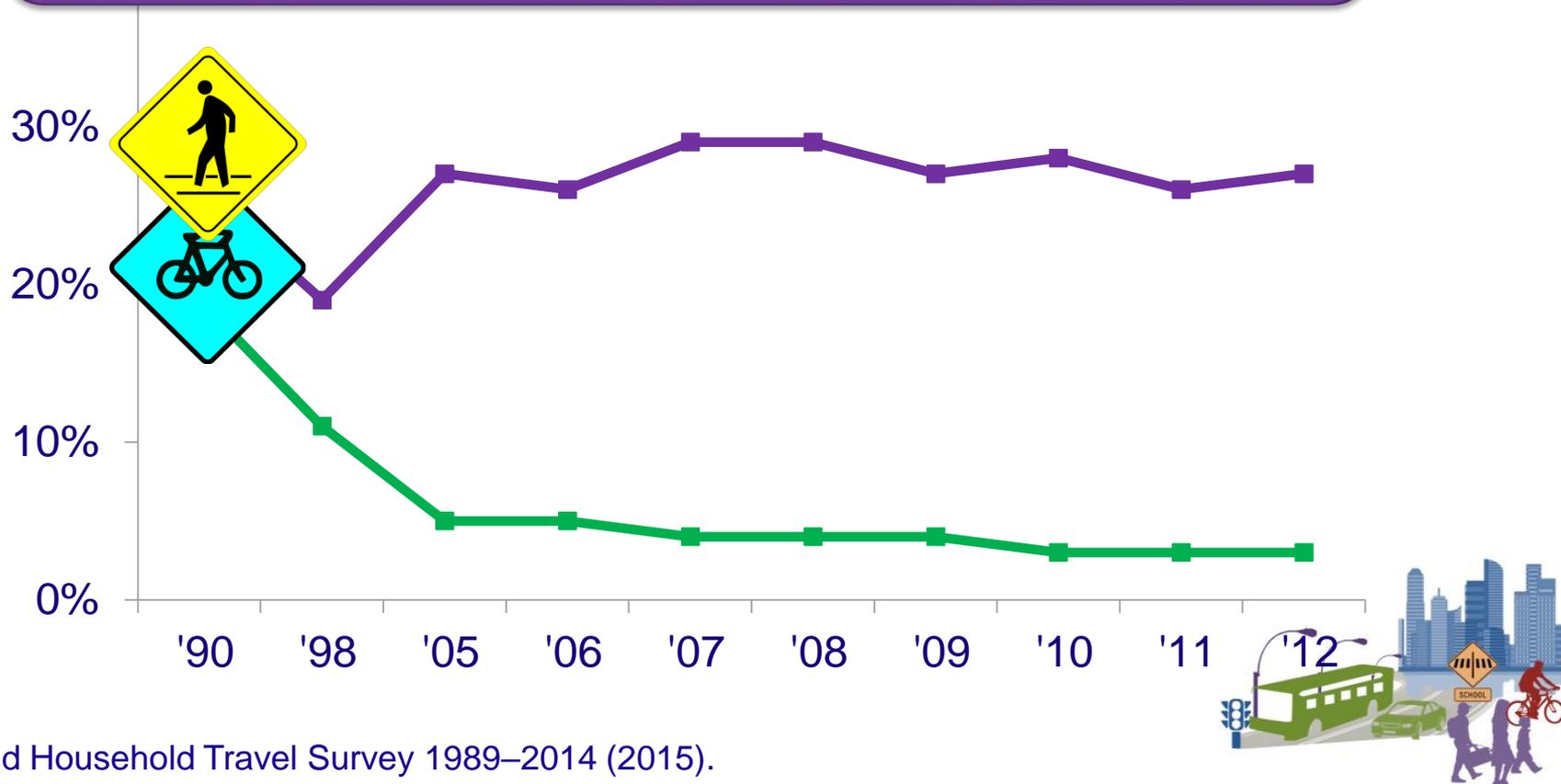
Large variations in rates of walking or cycling to school



- Cycling tradition and culture
- Prioritising cycling-related infrastructure
- Traffic laws protecting rights of cyclists

# National Rates of ATS

Rates of walking and cycling to school have varied substantially over the past three decades

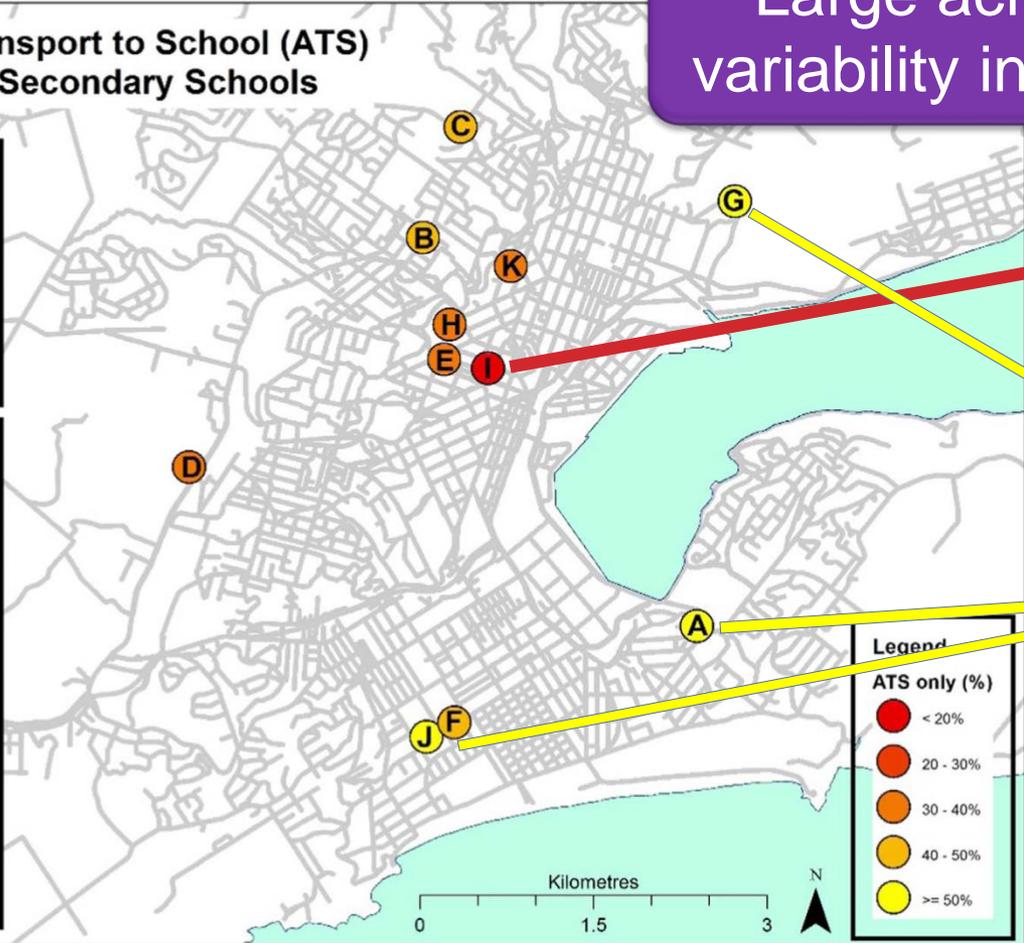
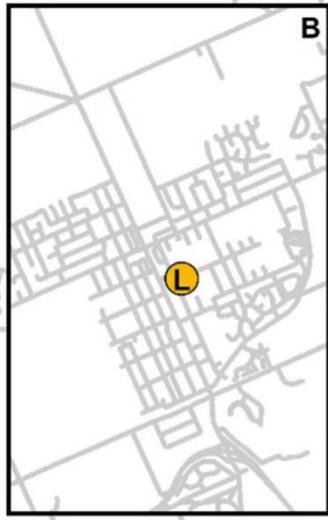
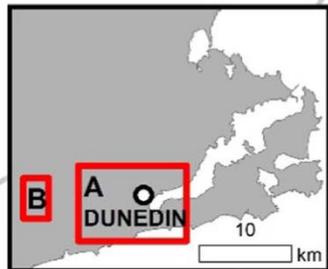


# Rates of ATS in Dunedin, New Zealand

**BEATS Study**  
Built Environment and Active Transport to School

Rates of Active Transport to School (ATS) for 12 Dunedin Secondary Schools

Large across-school variability in rates of ATS



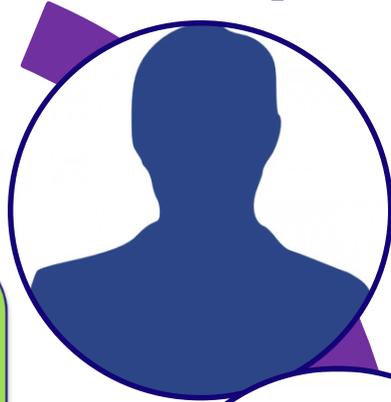
OGHS: 19.2%



Logan Park, Queens, Bayfield: >50%



# Active Transport to School: Influences



## Demographic factors

- Male gender
- Low SES
- Younger age
- Minority ethnic backgrounds
- Lack of parental supervision



## Social Environment and Attitudes

- Parental concern: traffic and neighbourhood safety
- Cycling perceived as less safe
- Less parental and peer support for cycling



## Built Environment Factors

- Distance to school
- Pedestrian and cycling infrastructure
- Attractiveness of environments
- Neighbourhood walkability



# Built Environment and Active Transport

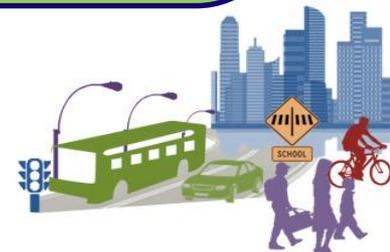
The built environment consists of the entirety of human designed and built places and facilities

## Micro-scale features

- Smaller environmental details that influence PA experiences
- Easier and cheaper to modify
- E.g. pedestrian/cycling infrastructure, road crossings, aesthetics

## Macro-scale features

- Overall community design and structure
- Supportiveness of the environment for PA
- E.g. street connectivity, residential density



# Measures of the Built Environment

Exist to identify and assess characteristics of the built environment for physical activity and active transport

## Subjective measure

- To understand self-reported perceptions
- Survey format

## Objective measure

- Quantify measureable environmental features
- Neighbourhood street audits or GIS analysis



# Literature Gap



- The built environment and active transport has been well studied in adults and in primary school children



- The influence of the school neighbourhood environment on adolescent ATS remains unknown



- Future research could address this disparity and highlight the supportive or restrictive role of school neighbourhoods



# Purpose

To examine the association between the school neighbourhood built environment and the rates of ATS across all twelve secondary schools in Dunedin, New Zealand

## MAPS Global Tool

MAPS Global Survey 3/2/2016  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Auditor ID: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Route #: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ End Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Route:** *Choose both sides of the street\**  
**Section: Land use/destinations**

1. How is audit information collected?  
 Foot (walked route)  
 Auto (drive route)  
 Both (walked & drive route)  
 Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. What types of residential uses?  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Single family houses  
 Multi-unit houses (duplex, 4-plex, row house)  
 Apartments or condominiums  
 Apartments above street retail  
 None of the above

3. How many of the following types of non-residential destinations are present?  
 a. Fast food restaurant (fast-food or local chain, primarily taco burgers, chicken, pizza, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 b. Sit-down restaurant or bar (all ages)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 c. Open-air playground  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 d. Convenience store (not also be a gas station)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 e. Cash coffee or tea shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 f. Bakery  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 g. Age-restricted bar/nightclub  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 h. Liquor or alcohol store  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 i. Bank credit union/ATM  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 j. Drugstore/pharmacy  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 k. Health-related professional (e.g., chiropractor, Dr. office, private health care facilities)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 l. Entertainment (e.g., movie theatre, arcade)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 m. Other service (e.g., salon, acupuncture, dry cleaner)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 n. Other retail (e.g., book, clothing, hardware)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 o. Place of worship (e.g., temple, church, synagogue, mosque, mosque, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 p. School  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 q. Private indoor recreation (e.g., commercial gym, dance club)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 r. Public indoor recreation (e.g., community center)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 s. Private outdoor recreation (e.g., private golf course)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 t. Public outdoor recreation (e.g., park)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 u. Public park  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 v. Trail  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 w. Pedestrian street or zone  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 x. Bicycle shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 4. What other map characteristics are present?  
 Traffic lights (signs, circles, speed tables, speed bumps, curb extensions)  
 Road over curbs \_\_\_\_\_ (if white segment = 1)  
 None of the above  
 5. Presence of street maintenance  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Trash bins (public)  
 Benches or other places to sit  
 Bicycle racks  
 Secure bicycle access lockers or compounds  
 Kiosks or information booths  
 Handker shops/carts  
 None of the above

**Section: Aesthetics and Social**

1. Do you observe pleasant landscape features, such as fountains, sculptures, or art (public or private)?  
 Yes  No

2. Do you observe any natural bodies of water?  
 Yes  No

3. Do you observe landscape features such as gardens or landscaping or a designated suntrap, retaining walls, bark mulch?  
 Yes  No

4. Are the buildings well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%

5. Is landscaping well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%

6. Is graffiti tagging (not murals) present?  
 Yes  No

7. Is noticeable excessive litter present?  
 Yes  No

8. Is noticeable excessive dog or human fouling present?  
 Yes  No

9. How do the extent of graffiti, litter and fouling  
 None  A little (present)  
 Beach  Covered Shelter  Touchable/Time

10. Presence of anyone walking?  
 Yes  No

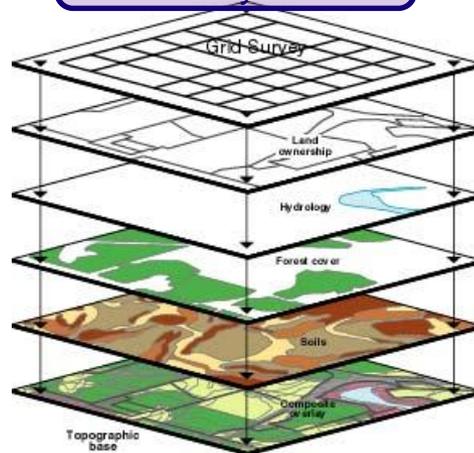
11. Is there a highway main road (street which is 40m+ or 5+ traffic lanes wide) nearby?  
 Yes  No

**Section: Streetscape**

1. Number of public transit stops (N/A stops, skip to 3)  
 a. N/A is available at the first transit stop? [check all that apply]  
 Bus  BART  Train  Subway  Tram  Streetcar  
 Beach  Covered Shelter  Touchable/Time

3. What other transport options do you see on the route?  
*[check all that apply.]*  
 Traffic main road (40m+ or 5+ traffic lanes wide) nearby?  
 Private bus  Bicycle share

## GIS-based spatial analysis

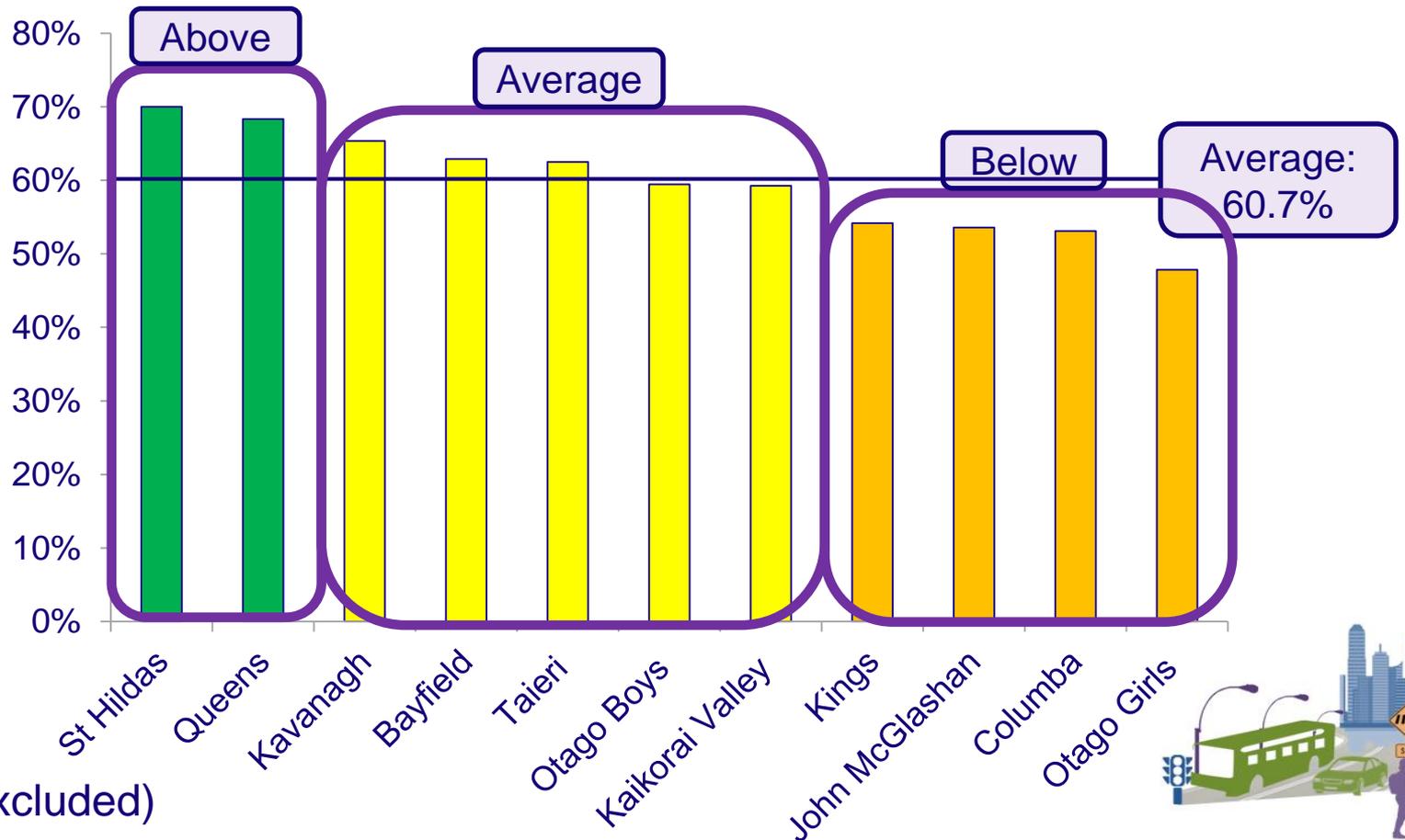


## BEATS Study



# School-Specific Rates of ATS

ATS rates for adolescents living within 2.25 km of their school



n=471  
(boarders excluded)



# Research Question 1

Do characteristics of the school neighbourhood built environment obtained from MAPS Global and GIS-based spatial analysis correlate with the rates of active transport across all twelve Dunedin secondary schools?

## MAPS Global Tool

MAPS Global Survey 3.2/2016  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Auditor ID: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Route #: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ End Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
**Route:** *Trace both sides of the street\**  
**Section: Land use/destinations**

1. How is audit information collected?  
 Foot (walked route)  
 Auto (drive route)  
 Both (walked & drive route)  
 Other (StreetView)

2. What types of residential uses?  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Single family houses  
 Multi-unit houses (duplex, 4-plex, row house)  
 Apartments or condominiums  
 Apartments above street retail  
 None of the above

3. How many of the following types of non-residential destinations are present?  
 a. Fast food restaurant (national or local chain, primarily fast burgers, chicken, pizza, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 b. Sit-down restaurant or bar (all ages)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 c. On-premise liquor outlet  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 d. Convenience store (not a food or gas station)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 e. Cash coffee or tea shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 f. Bakery  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 g. Age-restricted bar/nightclub  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 h. Liquor or alcohol store  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 i. Bank credit union/ATM  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 j. Drugstore/pharmacy  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 k. Health-related professional (e.g. chiropractor, Dr. office, private health care facilities)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+

4. Shopping Centers  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Shopping Mall or Arcade  
 Strip Mall  
 Open-air Market  
 None of the above

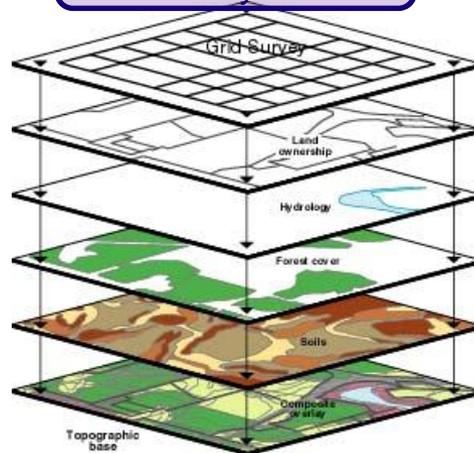
**Section: Streetscape**  
 1. Number of public transit stops (NO stops: skip to 3.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 2. *ATM is available at the first transit stop? [check all that apply.]*  
 Yes  No  
 Bus  BIKT  Train  Subway  Tram  Streetcar  
 Beach  Covered Shelter  Transferable Ticket  
 3. What other transport options do you see on the route?  
*[check all that apply.]*  
 Taxi/mini-taxi/limo  Car share  Taxi  
 Private bus  Bicycle share

1. Entertainment (e.g. movie theatre, arcade)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 m. Other service (e.g. salon, acupuncture, dry cleaner)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 n. Other retail (e.g. book, clothing, hardware)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 o. Place of worship (e.g. temple, church, synagogue, mosque, mosque, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 p. School  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 q. Pet care and services (e.g. commercial pet, dog, cat, clinic)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 r. Public indoor recreation (e.g. community center)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 s. Private indoor recreation (e.g. private gym/course)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 t. Public outdoor recreation (e.g. park)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 u. Public park  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 v. Trail  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 w. Pedestrian street or zone  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 x. Bicycle shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+

4. What other street characteristics are present?  
 None of the above  
 Traffic calming (signs, circles, speed tables, speed bumps, curb extensions)  
 Road over curbs \_\_\_\_\_ (if white segment = 1)  
 None of the above  
 5. Presence of street maintenance  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Trash bins (public)  
 Benches or other places to sit  
 Bicycle racks  
 Secure bicycle access lockers or compounds  
 Kiosks or information booths  
 Hauliers/slopes cars  
 None of the above

**Section: Aesthetics and Social**  
 1. Do you observe pleasant landscape features, such as fountains, sculptures, or art (public or private)?  
 Yes  No  
 2. Do you observe any natural bodies of water?  
 Yes  No  
 3. Do you observe landscape features such as gardens or landscaping (e.g. designated nurseries, retaining walls, bark mulch)?  
 Yes  No  
 4. Are the buildings well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%  
 5. Is landscaping well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%  
 6. Is graffiti tagging (not murals) present?  
 Yes  No  
 7. Is noticeable excessive litter present?  
 Yes  No  
 8. Is noticeable excessive dog or human fouling present?  
 Yes  No  
 9. How do the extent of graffiti, litter and fouling  
 None  A little (present)  
 Beach  Covered (very noticeable)  A lot (overwhelming)  
 10. Presence of anyone walking?  
 Yes  No  
 11. Is there a highway main road street which is 40mph+ or 5+ traffic lanes wide nearby?  
 Yes  No

## GIS-based spatial analysis



# Microscale Audit of Pedestrian Streetscapes (MAPS) Global Tool

62 Questions; Subjective measures; Micro-scale features of Route, Segment, Crossing and Cul-de-sac

**Route**\*Count both sides of the street\*

**Section: Land use/destinations**

1. How is audit information collected?

- Foot (walked route)
- Auto (drove route)
- Both (walked & drove route)
- Online (Streetview)

2. What types of residential uses?

*Check all that apply*

- Single family houses
- Multi-unit homes (duplex, 4-plex, row house)
- Apartments or condominiums
- Apartments above street retail
- None of the above

3. How many of the following types of non-residential destinations are present?

a. Fast food restaurant (*national or local chain, primarily sells burgers, chicken, pizza, etc.*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

b. Sit-down restaurant or bar (all-ages)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

c. Grocery/supermarket

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

l. Entertainment (*e.g., movie theatre, arcade*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

m. Other service (*e.g., salon, accountant, dry cleaner*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

n. Other retail (*e.g., books, clothing, hardware*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

o. Place of worship (*e.g., temple, church, synagogue, convent, mosque, etc.*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

p. School

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

q. Private indoor recreation (*e.g., commercial gyms, dance clubs*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

r. Public indoor recreation (*e.g., community center*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

s. Private outdoor recreation (*e.g., private golf course*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

t. Public outdoor pay recreation (*e.g., pool*)

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

u. Public park

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

v. Trail

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

w. Pedestrian street or zone

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

x. Bicycle shop

- 0  1  2  3  4  5+

4. Shopping Centers

*Check all that apply*

- Shopping Mall or Arcade
- Strip Mall

4. What other street characteristics are present? (specify # of each type)

- Traffic calming (signs, circles, speed tables, speed humps, curb extension) \_\_\_\_\_
- Roll-over curbs \_\_\_\_\_ (if whole segment = 1)
- None of the above

5. Presence of street amenities

*Check all that apply*

- Trash bins (public)
- Benches or other places to sit
- Bicycle racks
- Secure bicycle access lockers or compounds
- Kiosks or information booths
- Hawkers/shops/carts
- None of the above

**Section: Aesthetics and Social**

1. Do you observe pleasant hardscape features, such as fountains, sculptures, or art (public or private)?

- Yes  No

2. Do you observe any natural bodies of water?

- Yes  No

3. Do you observe softscape features such as gardens or landscaping (*e.g., designated viewpoints, retaining walls, bark, ponds*)?

- Yes  No

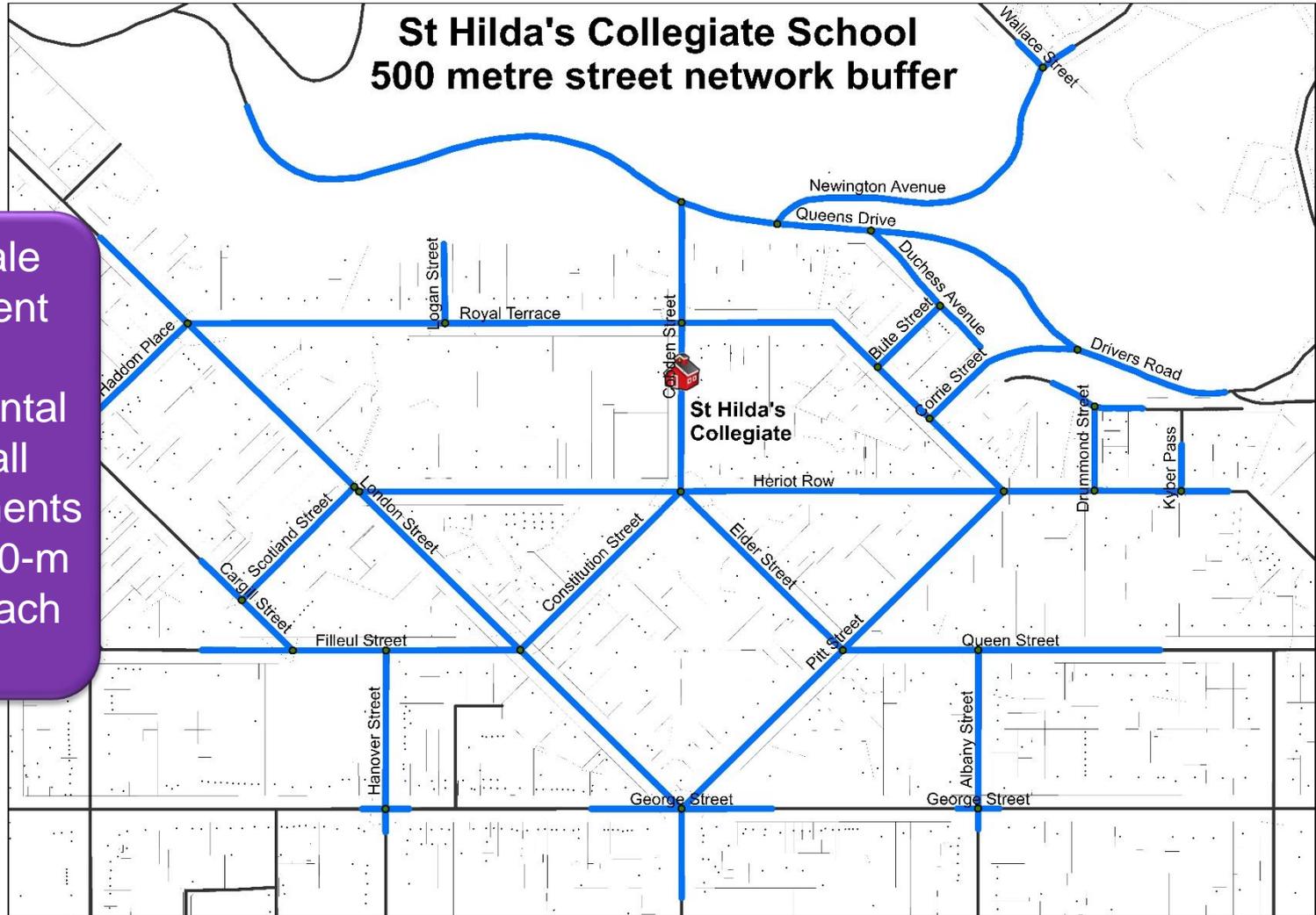
4. Are the buildings well maintained?

- 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%

5. Is landscaping well maintained?

- 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%

# Individual School Buffer-Zones

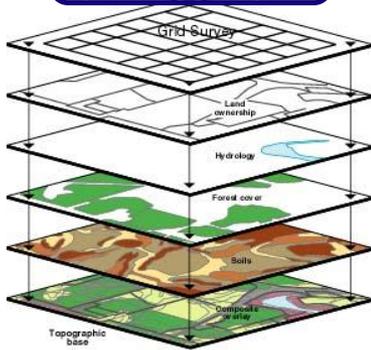


Micro-scale environment

Environmental audit of all street segments within a 500-m buffer of each school

# Objective Measures of Built Environment

GIS-based  
spatial analysis



- Macro-scale environment
- Geographic unit of analysis: individual school neighbourhood environments
- Four separate street-network buffer-zones: **500 m, 1 km, 1.5 km and 2.25 km**

- Land use mix
- Residential density
- Intersection density

---

- Topography



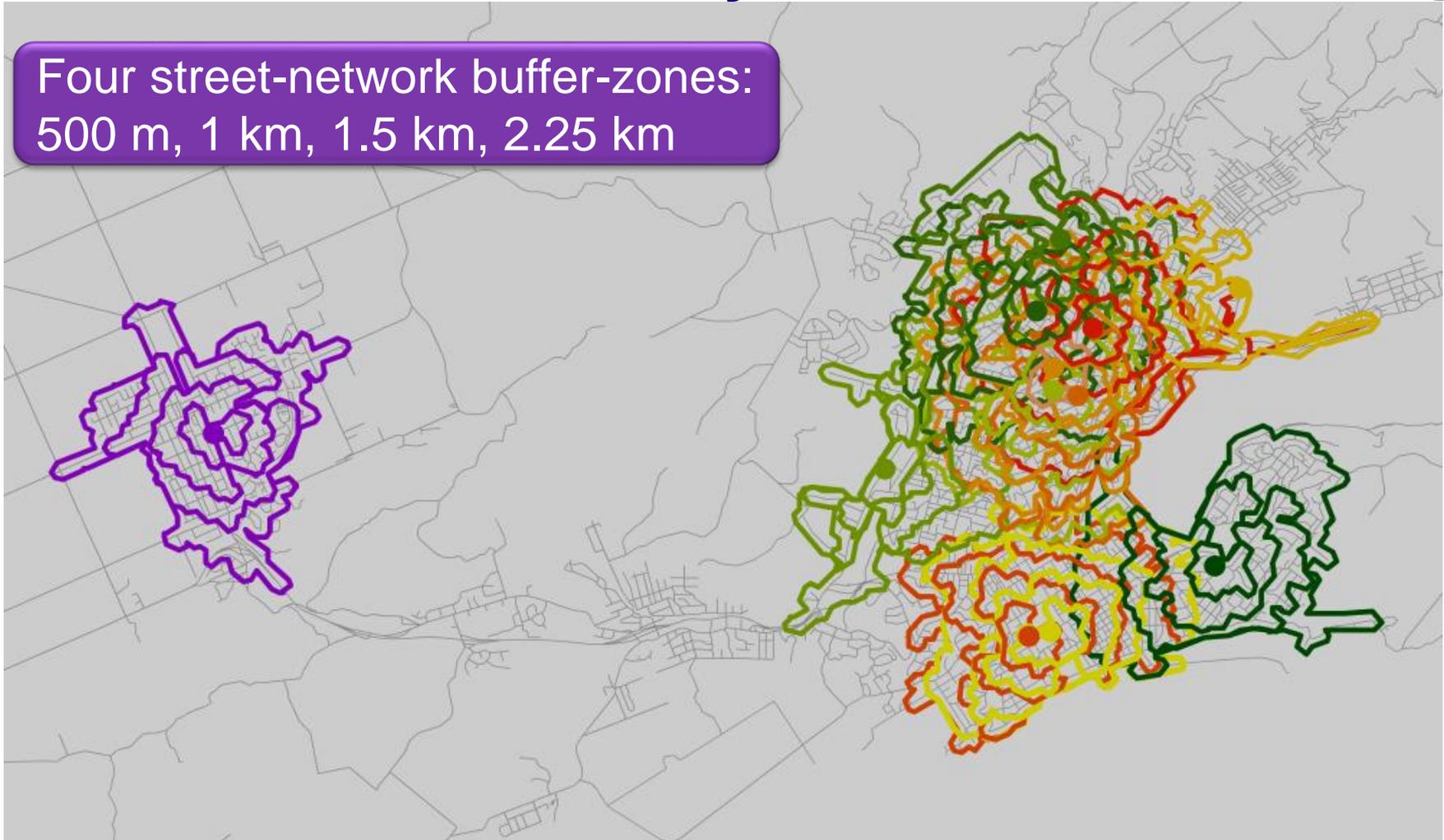
Walkability index score



# Buffer-Zones of Twelve Dunedin Secondary Schools



Four street-network buffer-zones:  
500 m, 1 km, 1.5 km, 2.25 km



# Research Question 2

Among adolescents who live within walking distance to school ( $\leq 2.25$  km), do perceptions of the route to school correlate with school neighbourhood environment features (from MAPS Global and GIS-based spatial analysis)?

## MAPS Global Tool

MAPS Global Survey 3/2/2016  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Auditor ID: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Route #: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Start Time: \_\_\_\_\_ End Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Route: *Trace both sides of the street\**  
 Section: *Land use/destinations*

1. How is audit information collected?  
 Foot (walked route)  
 Auto (drive route)  
 Both (walked & drive route)  
 Other (describe): \_\_\_\_\_

2. What types of residential uses?  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Single-family houses  
 Multi-unit houses (duplex, 4-plex, row house)  
 Apartments or condominiums  
 Apartments above street retail  
 None of the above

3. How many of the following types of non-residential destinations are present?  
 a. Fast food restaurant (national or local chain, primarily fast burgers, chicken, pizza, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 b. Sit-down restaurant or bar (all ages)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 c. Grocery supermarket  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 d. Convenience store (not a grocery store)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 e. Cash coffee or tea shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 f. Bakery  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 g. Age-restricted bar/nightclub  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 h. Liquor or alcohol store  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 i. Bank credit union/ATM  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 j. Drugstore/pharmacy  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 k. Health-related professional (e.g. chiropractor, Dr. office, private health care facilities)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+

1. Entertainment (e.g. movie theatre, arcade)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 m. Other service (e.g. salon, acupuncture, dry cleaner)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 n. Other retail (e.g. book, clothing, hardware)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 o. Place of worship (e.g. temple, church, synagogue, mosque, mosque, etc.)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 p. School  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 q. Tennis indoor recreation (e.g. commercial gym, dance club)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 r. Public indoor recreation (e.g. community center)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 s. Private indoor recreation (e.g. private gym/course)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 t. Public outdoor recreation (e.g. park)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 u. Public park  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 v. Trail  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 w. Pedestrian street or zone  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 x. Bicycle shop  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+

4. Shopping Centers  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Shopping Mall or Arcade  
 Strip Mall  
 Open-air Market

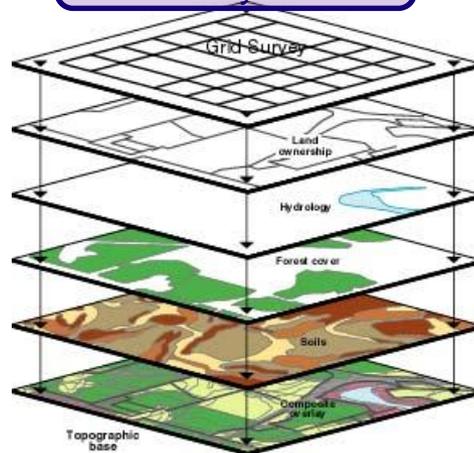
Section: **Streetscape**  
 1. Number of public transit stops (NTO stops, skip to 3)  
 0  1  2  3  4  5+  
 2. NTO is available at the first transit stop? (check all that apply)  
 Bus  CBT  Train  Subway  Tram  Streetcar  
 Bunch  Covered Shelter  Transfer Time  
 3. What other transport options do you see on the route? (check all that apply)  
 Transit main station  Car share  Taxi  
 Private bus  Bicycle share

4. What other transportation characteristics are present?  
 Traffic cones  
 Traffic lighting (signs, circles, speed tables, speed bumps, curb extensions)  
 Road over curbs (if whole segment = 1)  
 None of the above

5. Presence of street maintenance  
*Check all that apply.*  
 Trash bins (public)  
 Benches or other places to sit  
 Bicycle racks  
 Secure bicycle access lockers or compartments  
 Kiosks or information boards  
 Handker shops/carts  
 None of the above

Section: **Aesthetics and Social**  
 1. Do you observe pleasant hardscape features, such as fountains, sculptures, or art (public or private)?  
 Yes  No  
 2. Do you observe any natural bodies of water?  
 Yes  No  
 3. Do you observe softscape features such as gardens or landscaping or designated nurseries, retaining walls, bark mulch?  
 Yes  No  
 4. Are the buildings well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%  
 5. Is landscaping well maintained?  
 0%  1-49%  50-99%  100%  
 6. Is graffiti tagging (not murals) present?  
 Yes  No  
 7. Is noticeable excessive litter present?  
 Yes  No  
 8. Is noticeable excessive dog or human fouling present?  
 Yes  No  
 9. How do you estimate of graffiti, litter and fouling?  
 None  A little (present)  
 Some (very noticeable)  A lot (overwhelming)  
 10. Presence of anyone walking?  
 Yes  No  
 11. Is there a highway main road street which is 40mph+ or 5+ traffic lanes wide nearby?  
 Yes  No

## GIS-based spatial analysis



## BEATS Study



# Perceptions of the Route to School



Six questions in the BEATS Student Survey:

- Hills along the route to school
- Lighting along the way
- Presence of traffic
- Dangerous crossings
- Stray dogs
- If the route to school was boring



# Data Analysis

## Micro-scale features

MAPS Global Tool

## Macro-scale features

GIS spatial analysis

Adolescents' perception of route  
to school

- Analysed between groups with above average, average and below average rates of ATS using ANOVA
- Categorical variables: Chi square-test
- Continuous data: mean $\pm$ standard deviation or frequency



# Significance and Implications

- Micro- and macro-scale neighbourhood features can have substantial influences on ATS
- Understanding the environmental characteristics which are associated with higher rates of ATS in Dunedin adolescents
- May contribute to the design or modification of school neighbourhood environments and interventions to enhance rates of ATS



**Thank you!**



**E-mail: [tessa.pocock@postgrad.otago.ac.nz](mailto:tessa.pocock@postgrad.otago.ac.nz)**