Emerging Infectious Diseases: the NZ picture

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emerge

ı'məːdʒ/ *verb* gerund or present participle: **emerging**

1. move out of or away from something and become visible.

come out, appear, come into view, become visible, make an appearance; turn up, spring up, come up, surface, crop up, pop up; materialize, manifest oneself, arise, proceed, issue, come forth, emanate

2. become apparent or prominent.

synonyms:

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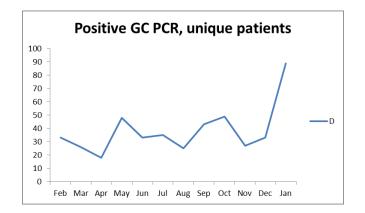
become known, become apparent, become evident, be revealed, come to light, come out, transpire, come to the fore, enter the picture, unfold, turn out, prove to be the case; become common knowledge, get around

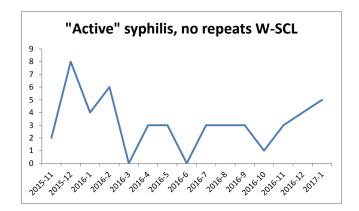
Emerging ID in NZ

- Nothing unique
- Sometimes more to do with them being hidden previously rather than not present
- Always dependent on being recognised:
 - More ID physicians in NZ than ever before

Classical

- Syphilis
 - 33 new cases 2016 diagnosed at W-SCL
- Gonorrhoea on the rise too
 - Almost exclusively in men
- Multiply resistant organisms
- Shigella from Samoa
- Travel related diseases
 - Zika, Chik, Dengue





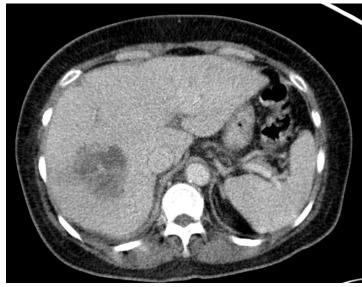
Smoke and fire

- Lyme disease
- Parvovirus

New strains

- Campylobacter
 - Quinolone R
- S. aureus, particularly MRSA
 Bay of Bengal strain
- Klebsiella
- ESBL
- Carbapenem R *Enterobacteriaceae*

- All in Wgtn from Asian hospitals so far



New Recognition or counting

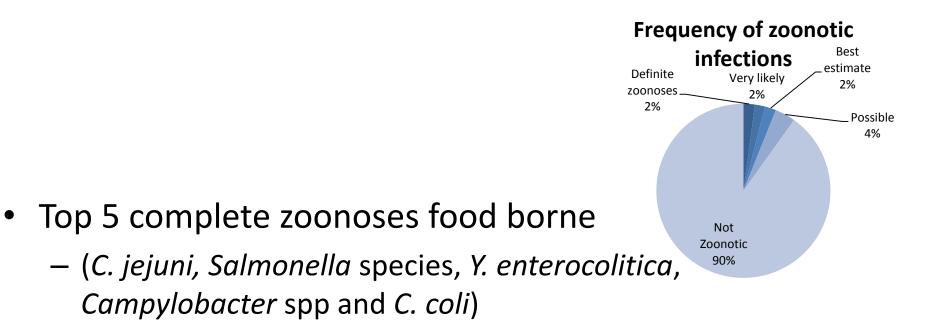
- Cutaneous C diphtheriae
- Direct contact zoonoses
- Hepatitis A
 - PCR and strain typing of faeces
- Shiga toxin producing E coli
 - 30-50% caused by non O:157, and detected by
 PCR rather than sorbitol non fermenting
 - Auckland lab found much greater age range



Bacterial Zoonoses 2016, Wellington and Otago

| Zoonotic frequency | Otago (%) | Wellington (%) | Total (%) |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| Complete | 695 (3.2) | 809 (1.7) | 1504 (2.1) |
| Partial | 13193 (61) | 22700 (46) | 35893 (51) |
| Possible | 1514 (7) | 6566 (13) | 8080 (11) |
| Not Zoonotic | 6202 (29) | 18844 (39) | 25046 (36) |
| Total | 21604 | 48919 | 70523 |

Looking at lab databases in the MALDiTOF era of bacterial identification



- The zoonotic burden of disease could be up to five times higher than identified by just assessing infectious species known to be completely zoonotic.
 - Zoonotic *E. coli* could account for extra infections within the Wellington and Otago regions.
 - 935 (conservative estimate)
 - 3700 (worst case)

Main issues

- Complacency or wilful ignoring of foodborne and waterborne disease
- Social determinants
- Surveillance
 - Strain typing
 - Intelligence
- Public Health investment and infrastructure
 Food safety issues and EID in NZ are intertwined